

中1 数学	学習日	単元：正負の数	氏名	得点
	/	正負の数の計算 四則混合の計算④		/8

● 次の計算をなさい。

$$\textcircled{1} (-3)^2 \times \{(-4) + (-2)\} - (-5)^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \{(-6) - (-2)^3\} \div (-2) + (-7)$$

$$\textcircled{3} (-2)^3 + (-3)^2 \times (-4) - (-1)^{10}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{2}{3} \times (-9) + \frac{5}{4} \div \left(-\frac{5}{8}\right)$$

$$\textcircled{5} \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \times (-8) - \frac{2}{3} \times (-12)$$

$$\textcircled{6} (-5) \times \{3 - (-2)^2\} + (-4)^2$$

$$\textcircled{7} \frac{1}{3} + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \div \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\textcircled{8} (-2)^4 - \{(-3)^2 + (-1)^2\} \times (-2)$$

● 次の計算をなさい。

$$\textcircled{1} \quad (-3)^2 \times \{(-4) + (-2)\} - (-5)^2 = 9 \times (-6) - 25 = -79$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad \{(-6) - (-2)^3\} \div (-2) + (-7) &= (-6 + 8) \div (-2) + (-7) \\ &= 2 \div (-2) + (-7) = -1 - 7 = -8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad (-2)^3 + (-3)^2 \times (-4) - (-1)^{10} &= (-8) + 9 \times (-4) - 10 \\ &= -8 - 36 - 1 = -45 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{2}{3} \times (-9) + \frac{5}{4} \div \left(-\frac{5}{8}\right) = -6 + \frac{5}{4} \times \left(-\frac{8}{5}\right) = -6 + (-2) = -8$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \times (-8) - \frac{2}{3} \times (-12) = \frac{9}{16} \times (-8) - (-8) = -\frac{9}{2} + 8 = -\frac{9}{2} + \frac{16}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad (-5) \times \{3 - (-2)^2\} + (-4)^2 = (-5) \times (3 - 4) + 16 = 5 + 16 = 21$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{1}{3} + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \div \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{8}{5} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{5}{15} + \frac{6}{15} = \frac{11}{15}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad (-2)^4 - \{(-3)^2 + (-1)^2\} \times (-2) = 16 - (9 + 1) \times (-2) = 16 + 20 = 36$$